

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: AN1163D

Product Name: ANCHOR 62 MATTE D BASE

Revision Date: Jan 15, 2019 Date Printed: Jan 15, 2019

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: Anchor Paint Manufacturing Co., Inc.

Address: 6707 East 14th Street, Tulsa, OK, US, 74112

**Emergency Phone:** 800-424-9300 **Information Phone Number:** 918-836-4626 **Fax:** 918-836-6421

Product/Recommended Uses: Water-based paint.

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Classification

Not classified

**Pictograms** 

None

Signal Word

No signal word available.

**Precautionary Statements - General** 

No precautionary statement available.

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention** 

No precautionary statement available.

**Precautionary Statements - Response** 

No precautionary statement available.

**Precautionary Statements - Storage** 

No precautionary statement available.

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal** 

No precautionary statement available.

**Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)** 

None.

Acute toxicity of 19% of the mixture is unknown

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0007732-18-5	WATER	42% - 51%
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	11% - 16%
0037244-96-5	NEPHELINE SYENITE	5% - 8%
0092704-41-1	Kaolin, calcined	5% - 8%
0013463-67-7	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	4% - 6%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

### **Skin Contact**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower for a duration of 30 or until medical aid is available. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Eye Contact**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

No data available.

#### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

# **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Material can splatter above 100°C/212°F. Polymer film can burn.

#### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

# **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

# **Recommended Equipment**

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

# Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquid to containers for disposal.

Coagulate the emulsion by the stepwise addition of ferric chloride and lime. Remove the clear supernatant liquid and flush to a chemical sewer. Incinerate the solids and the contaminated diking material at a permitted facility according to local, state, and federal regulations.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

#### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage.

Ground and bond containers and receiving equipment. Avoid static electricity by grounding.

Keep from freezing, product may coagulate.

# SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Eye Protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to

avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent skin contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and other clothing causing delayed irritation.

# **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

A NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator is advised.

# **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH Carcinog en	ACGIH TLV Basis	OSHA Carcinog en	ACGIH Notations	OSHA Skin designati on	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)
CALCIUM CARBONATE		[15]; [5 (a)];			1							10,5a
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		15			1	A4	LRT irr		A4		b	

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
CALCIUM CARBONATE						
TITANIUM DIOXIDE				10		

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	10.89370 lb/gal
Specific Gravity	1.30535
% Solids By Weight	53.11130%
VOC Actual(g/l)	2.21202 g/l
VOC Regulatory(g/l)	3.71043 g/l
Density VOC Less H2O and Exempts(g/l)	0.02453 g/l
% VHAPS	0.00000%
% HAPS	0.00000%

Appearance Liquid

Odor Threshold No information available

Odor Description Latex paint pH 8 - 10
Water Solubility Dilutable

Flammability Flash point at or above 200°F/93°C

Flash Point N.A.

Viscosity No information available

Lower Explosion Level N.A. Upper Explosion Level N.A. Vapor Pressure 17 mmHg Vapor Density <1 [air=1] (water) 25 - 32 °F Freezing Point 212 °F

High Boiling Point No information available **Auto Ignition Temp** No information available Decomposition Pt No information available

**Evaporation Rate** (water)

Coefficient Water/Oil No information available

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Low Boiling Point

# Stability

Material is stable at standard temperature and pressure.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Decomposition is dependent on time and temperature. Onset of decomposition is 177°C/350°F. Avoid high temperatures.

#### **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizers.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

No Data Available

# Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

#### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No Data Available

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

No Data Available

# Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

# Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

No Data Available

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No Data Available

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No Data Available

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

No Data Available

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Vapors or mists can cause headache, nausea, and irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs.

No Data Available

0001317-65-3 CALCIUM CARBONATE

LD50 (oral, rat): 6450 mg/kg (10; unconfirmed)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

No Data Available

# Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

#### **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **U.S. DOT Information**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### **IMDG Information**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### **IATA Information**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0007732-18-5	WATER	42% - 51%	TSCA
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	11% - 16%	SARA312,TSCA
0037244-96-5	NEPHELINE SYENITE	5% - 8%	SARA312
0092704-41-1	Kaolin, calcined	5% - 8%	SARA312,TSCA
0013463-67-7	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	4% - 6%	SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ-Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA-Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### **DISCLAIMER**

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